# Safety Data Sheet



# Section 1: Identification

Product Name Hasco FM Gear Oil 680
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Recommended use Food Grade Gear Oil

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Hasco Oil Company Inc.

2800 Temple Ave Long Beach, CA 90806

United States www.hascooil.com

**Telephone(General)** (562) 595-8491

Emergency telephone number (800) 424-9300 - Chemtrec USA

# Section 2: Hazard Identification

### **UN GHS**

According to: UN Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

# Classification of the substance or mixture

UN GHS Classification Skin Sensitizer 1

Eye Irritant 2B

Label elements:

Signal Word WARNING

Hazard symbol:

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements

**UN GHS Hazard Statement** 

**Prevention:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dusts or mist. Wear protective

gloves, eye protection, face protection, and protective clothing. Avoid release to

the environment.

Response: If on skin: wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Contaminated clothing must be washed before reuse.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists get medical attention.

**Storage/Disposal:** Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and/or international regulations.

Preparation Date: June 26, 2015

Revision 1

Page 1 of 8

Format: GHS Language: English (US)

UN GHS

### Other hazards

Static accumulating material can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surfaces. No Smoking. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

#### Other information

**NFPA** 



# Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

#### **Substances**

Composition			
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	
White Mineral Oil	<b>CAS</b> : 8042-47-5	65% to 75%	
Di-t-Butyl-p-Cresol	<b>CAS</b> : 128-37-0	< 0.4%	
Alkyl Carboxylic Acid	Proprietary	< 0.2%	
Polymer	Proprietary	10% to 25%	
Vitamin E	<b>CAS:</b> 10191-41-0	< .005%	

### Section 4: First-Aid Measures

# **Description of first aid measures**

**Inhalation** First aid is not normally required. Avoid breathing vapors. If breathing difficulties

develop, move away from source and seek medical attention.

**Skin** Cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water. If

irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.

**Eye** If irritation or redness develops, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air.

Flush eyes with clean water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. If

symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion** If swallowed, rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eyes: May cause slight irritation, tears and a burning sensation.

Skin: Causes mild irritation, potentially causing reddening, itching or inflammation.

Inhalation: Respiratory tract irritation may occur if exposed to fumes or mist.

Ingestion: Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Aspiration into lungs may cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage

# Medical attention and Special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically

Preparation Date: June 26, 2015

Format: GHS Language: English (US)

Revision 1

UN GHS

# Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemicals, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or

foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212F. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use water jet

**Firefighting Procedures** No actions shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to

keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**

Elevated temperatures can lead to the formation of irritating fumes and vapors. Decomposing products may include the following materials: Carbon Dioxide and Carbon Monoxide. Product is a static accumulation liquid. Static accumulation liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid may cause flash fire. Static electricity accumulation may be increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminates. Restrict flow velocity to avoid build-up of static charge.

### Advice for firefighters

For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective gear. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, or when explicitly required by DOT, a self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant. Isolate immediate hazard area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Water spray may be useful in or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done with minimal risk.

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal Precautions** Wearpersonal protective clothing and equipment to avoid direct contact.

**Emergency Procedures** Keep unauthorized personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. This

material will burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all ignition sources away from the spill/release. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all

directions. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

### **Environmental precautions**

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Product is insoluble in water, so prevent if from entering drains or water ways. Notify

appropriate state and local authorities.

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Containment/Clean-upMeasures

LARGE SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

SMALL SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Preparation Date: June 26, 2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US) Revision 1 UN GHS

Page 3 of 8

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

# Precautions for safe handling

### Handling

Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Be cautious of any drips or spills as product is extremely slippery. Use only with adequate ventilation. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable. Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. Bond and ground lines and equipment used during transfer to reduce the possibility of static sparkinitiated fire. Wash thoroughly after handling.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, well ventilated area away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# Control parameters:

Component	ACGIH	OSHA	Other
White Mineral Oil	5mg/m TWA	5 mg/m	As oil mist, if generated 5
	10 mg/m STEL		mg/m TWA

STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TWA – Time Weighted Average

# **Engineering Measures/Controls**

Consider the following when employing engineering controls and selection personal protective equipment: Potential hazards of the material, applicable exposure limits, job activities and other substances in the work place. If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

# **Personal Protective Equipment**

Respiratory: If vapor or mist is generated by heating, spraying, etc., wear and air purifying respirator with mist filter. No special respiratory protection is normally required.

**Skin**: Wear gloves and long sleeve clothing to minimize contact.

**Eye/Face**: Wear glasses with side shield or goggles in case of splashing.

#### **Pictograms**





#### **General Industrial Hygiene Considerations**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Preparation Date: June 26, 2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US) Revision 1

Page 4 of 8

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

# Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description	I		T
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Liquid
Color	Clear, colorless to slight amber	Odor	None
Taste	Not relevant	Particulate Type	Not relevant
Particulate Size	Not relevant	AerosolType	Not relevant
Odor Threshold	Not relevant	Physical and Chemical Properties	Not relevant
General Properties			
Boiling Point	No Data Available	Melting Point	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature	No Data Available	Heat of Decomposition	No Data Available
рН	Not relevant	Specific Gravity/Relative Density	~0.881 @ 60 F(15.55C)
Density	~7.338 #/gal	Bulk Density	No Data Available
Water Solubility	Insoluble	Solvent Solubility	Soluble
Viscosity	~ 680 cSt @ 40C (104F)	Explosive Properties	No Data Available
Oxidizing Properties:	No Data Available		
Volatility	-	•	•
Vapor Pressure	<0.1 kPa at 20C	Vapor Density	> 1.0
Evaporation Rate	No Data Available	VOC(Wt.)	No Data Available
VOC (Vol.)	No Data Available	Volatiles (Wt.)	No Data Available
Volatiles (Vol.)	No Data Available		
Flammability	•	•	•
Flash Point	>350 F (COC)	UEL	No Data Available
LEL	No Data Available	Flame Duration	No Data Available
Heat of Combustion (ΔHc)	No Data Available	Burning Time	No Data Available
Flame Height	No Data Available	Flame Extension	No Data Available
Ignition Distance	No Data Available	Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT)	No Data Available
Autoignition	No Data Available	Flammability (solid, gas)	No Data Available
Environmental	•	•	•
Half-Life	Not relevant	Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Not relevant
Coefficient of water/oil distribution	Not relevant	Bioaccumulation Factor	Not relevant
Bioconcentration Factor	Not relevant	Biochemical Oxygen Demand BOD/BOD5	Not relevant
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Not relevant	Persistence	Not relevant
Degradation	Not relevant		

# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use

**Chemical stability** Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Not anticipated under normal conditions.

**Conditions to avoid** Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition

Incompatible materials Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Preparation Date: June 26, 2015 Revision 1 Format: GHS Language: English (US)

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Information on likely routes of exposure:

**Ingestion:** May cause irritation

**Inhalation:** Not expected to cause respiratory irritation

**Skin Contact:** Not expected to cause skin irritation, may cause sensitization

**Eye Contact:** Causes serious eye irritation

# Symptoms related to physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

**Inhalation:** Not expected to be a hazard for static vapor at ambient temperatures. Inhalation of mist or spray may be harmful and cause pulmonary edema or aspiration pneumonia. Oil deposits in the lung may lead to fibrosis and reduced pulmonary function.

**Skin Irritation:** May cause mild skin irritation, redness, itching and inflammation. Repeated contact may cause sensitization.

Eye Damage/Irritation: May cause slight eye irritation, tears and a burning sensation

**Ingestion:** May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Mineral oil can be aspirated into the lungs during the act of swallowing or vomiting. This could result in severe injury to the lungs and death.

### Information on toxicological effects:

Components	Species	Test Results	
White Mineral Oil	(8042-47-5)		
Dermal – LD50	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	
Inhalation – LC5	0 Rat	>5 mg/kg	
Oral – LD50	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	

Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eye Irritation 2 Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory sensitization Not classified

Skin sensitization Skin sensitizer 1 May cause skin sensitization in sensitive individuals

Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Specific Target organ toxicity
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified
Not classified
Not classified
Not classified

**Toxicological data**Mineral Oil mists from highly refined or hydro-treated oils are generally of low acute and

sub-chronic toxicity. Overexposure to mists may cause inflammation of the lungs and

lipoid pneumonia.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Eco-toxicity		Not classified in terms of eco-to	Not classified in terms of eco-toxicity	
	Components	Species	Test Results	
	White Mineral Oil (804) Acute	2-47-5)		
	Algae – EC50 Crustacea – EC50 Fish –	Algae Daphnia magna Fish	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hr >100 mg/l, 48 hr > 1000 mg/l	
	<i>Chronic</i> Crustacea – NOEL	Daphnia magna Not readily biodegradable	1000 mg/l, 21 d	

Bio-accumulative potential May bio-accumulate in aquatic organisms

### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

White Mineral Oil (CAS 8042-47-5) >4

Mobility in soilMay partition into air, soil and waterOther adverse effectsNo other adverse effects expected

# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

### Waste treatment methods

**Product waste**Avoid contact of spilled material with soil and surface waterways. Consult an

environmental professional to determine if local, regional or national regulations would classify spilled or contaminated materials as hazardous waste. Use only approved transporters, recyclers, treatment, storage or disposal facilities. Dispose of in

accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Packaging waste Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and/or international regulations.

# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

### **DOT - U.S. Department of Transportation**

Shipping Description: Not regulated.

Trucking Freight description: 65 Petroleum Oil, N.O.I.B.N

**Note:** The provisions of 49 CFR, Part 130 apply for shipments over 3,500 bulk gallons, requiring carrier emergency plans for spills and accidents.

IATA - Int'l Air Transport Association

Not Regulated

IMDG - Int'l Maritime Dangerous Goods

Not Regulated

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Not classified for MARPOL.

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**CERCLA/SARA-** This material does not contain toxic chemicals (in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration) that are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 (40 CFR 372)

**TSCA Inventory:** All the components of this product are listed on, or are automatically included as natural occurring chemical substances on, or are exempted from the requirements to be listed on the TSCA inventory.

### Other Information:

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: This product does not contain a chemical currently known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm at levels which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302.

### Section 16 - Other Information

Revision

**Preparation Date** June 26, 2015

# Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Hasco Oil Company shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and any precautions that should be taken. The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

Preparation Date: June 26, 2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US) Revision 1 UN GHS